

Gel Barrier Stability in VACUETTE[®] Serum Separator Tubes for LDH and Potassium

Background:

Greiner Bio-One, Austria has sold plastic evacuated tubes (VACUETTE[®]) for venous blood collection since 1986. VACUETTE[®] Serum Separator tubes incorporate an inert gel material into the blood collection tube.

The gel has a controlled viscosity and a specific gravity intermediate to serum and clot. During centrifugation, the gel material forms an impermeable barrier between the serum and clot separating the serum from fibrin and cells.

The parameters analysed in this study are chosen because they are known to be influenced by the presence of blood cells (erythrocytes, granulocytes, or thrombocytes). The tubes should be centrifuged within two hours after blood collection to avoid extended contact between plasma and cells.

Study Objective:

This study was carried out to show the stability of two analytes measured from VACUETTE[®] Serum Gel Tubes. The analytes chosen for the study were Lactate Dehydrogenase (LDH) and Potassium (K).

Study design:

Venous blood was collected from 30 randomly chosen donors. The samples were collected in random order to prevent systemic bias.

The following tube type was used in blood collection:

**VACUETTE[®] Serum Separator Clot Activator,
8 ml draw**

After venipuncture, the tubes were inverted immediately and centrifuged according to the instructions given by the tube manufacturer.

The analysis was performed on the Hitachi 917 (Roche) with the instrument's accompanying reagents. Measurements were carried out after 0 / 24 / 48 / 72 hours. The samples were stored in an upright position at 4-8°C.

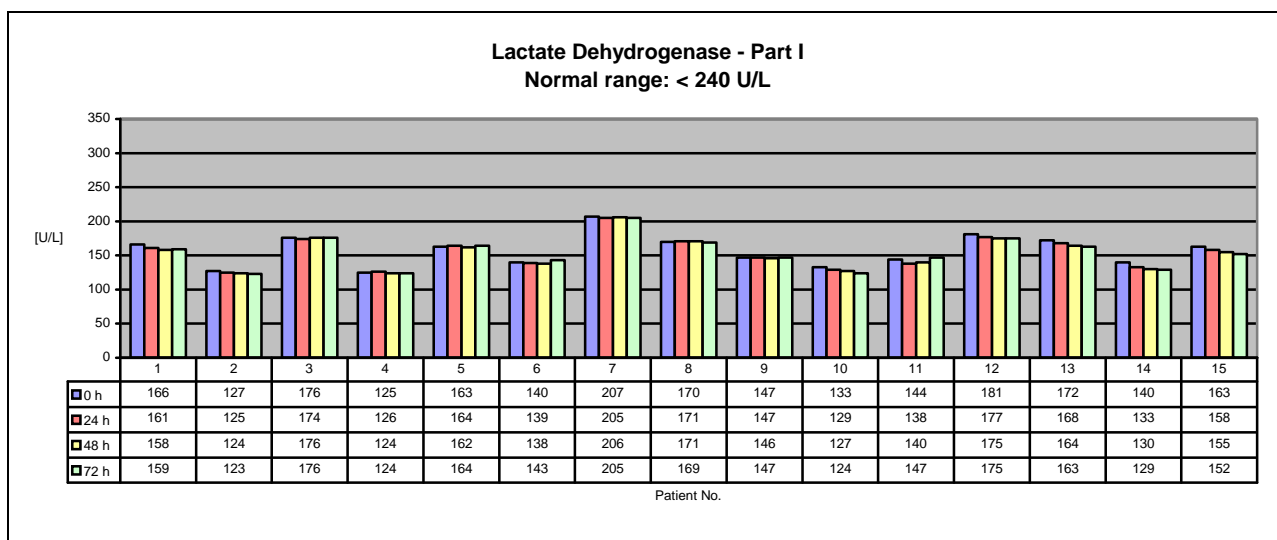
Conclusion:

The study examined the barrier performance of the gel in the VACUETTE[®] Serum Separator tubes. The results showed that barrier integrity and analyte stability was maintained.

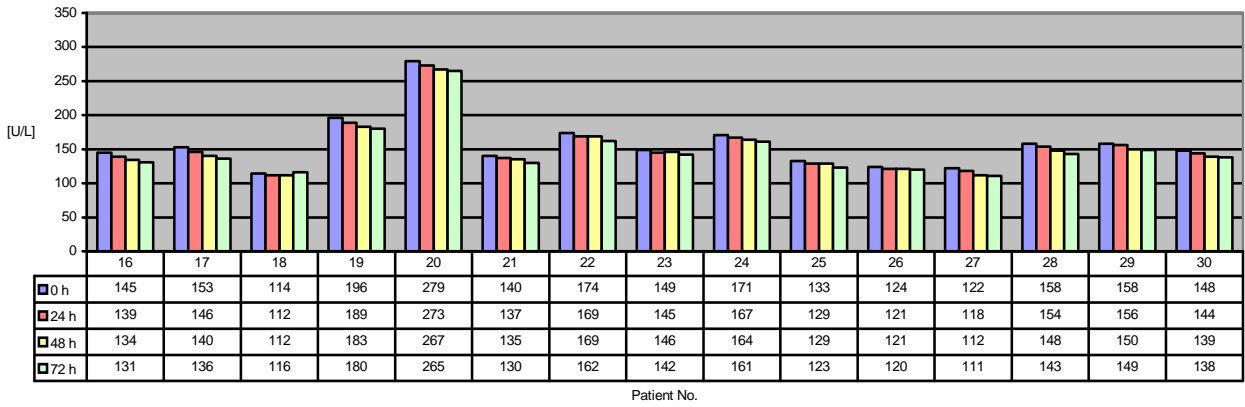
References:

- (1) Guder W.G., Narayanan S., Wisser H., Zawta B., Samples: From the Patient to the Laboratory. Wiley-VCH, 3rd edition (2003)
- (2) Thomas L., Labor und Diagnose. TH-Books, 5. Auflage (1998)
- (3) Tietz N.W., Clinical Guide to Laboratory Tests. W.B. Saunders Company, third edition (1995)

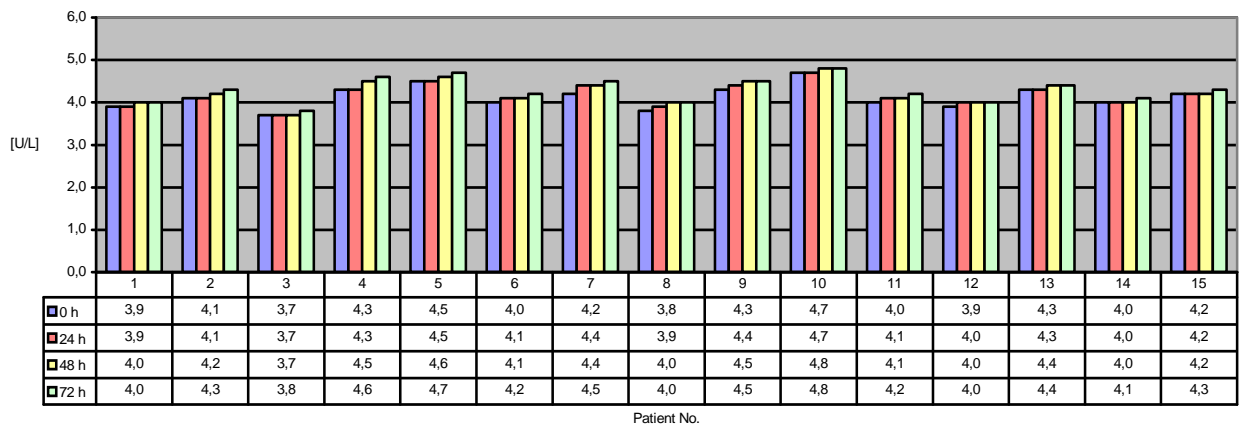
Results:



Lactate Dehydrogenase - Part II
Normal range: < 240 U/L



Potassium - Part I
Normal range: 3,3 - 5,1 mmol/L



Potassium - Part II
Normal range: 3,3 - 5,1 mmol/L

